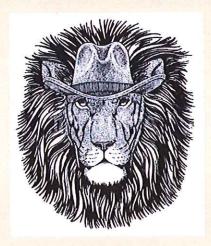
THE HEBREW ACADEMY TIMES

"The HAT"

October 2022 ~ Issue #3

A Newspaper FOR THE PEOPLE, BY THE PEOPLE of Hebrew Academy of Tampa Bay

We ROAR with LION PRIDE!!!



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Featuring Special Articles by:
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Upcoming Dates

ELEMENTARY PARENT'S DAY 2:30 PM TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 15

BOY'S KINUS WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 16 - MONDAY, NOVEMBER 21

FALL FESTIVAL
TIME T.B.A.
MONDAY, NOVEMBER 21

INFANT / TODDLER PARENT'S DAY
3:15 PM
TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 22

THANKSGIVING BREAK
WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 23 - FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 25

MID-WINTER PROJECT SHOWCASE 2:00 PM THURSDAY, DECEMBER 15

WINTER VACATION
MONDAY, DECEMBER 19 - FRIDAY, DECEMBER 30

Editor's Announcements

Get ready to read about... World War 2



Upper Elementary has already started their integrated unit focusing on Europe and World War 2.

Several students are learning about Helpers and Heroes of World War 2, while other students are focusing on specific battles.

Soon, dear readers, you too will learn about important people like Irena Sendler, Nicholas Winton, Anne Frank, Dwight D. Eisenhower, Winston Churchill, and Franklin Roosevelt.

You will also read exciting summaries about Pearl Harbor, the Battle of the Bulge, the Battle at Midway, and D-Day.

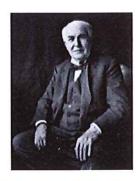
First, enjoy this special section which focuses on the Timeline of World War 2, from before the war, until 1945 when Japan

surrendered.

SENSATIONAL SCIENCE

Science is a major part of the Upper Elementary General Studies classroom.

Several students completed work plan assignments focusing on notable scientists from history, their contributions to society, and the individual character traits these great thinkers demonstrated throughout their lives.



THIRD GRADE ANIMAL SHOWCASE

Third graders chose animals to research. Each student read a non-fiction book, took notes, wrote rough drafts & then revised their work for this special section of The Hat! Enjoy learning as you see colorful pictures & read interesting information about flamingos, wolves, and penguins!

Introducing PARSHA PAGES INTEGRATION EXPLANATION

Bereishis

On every Friday afternoons, Lower & Upper Elementary classes join together for a special Parsha presentation and activity. Upper students practice delivering their Dvar Torah presentations with Lower buddies. They then lead their younger friends in the completion of a follow-up activity.

Throughout the month of October, students have been coloring beautiful pictures and working together to learn how to use sign language to share the parsha message in a new way.

For this edition of The HAT, we are sharing our Dvar Torahs for the Parsha Bereishis with our readers.
This is the first Parsha in the Torah, and reminds us that Hashem created the world and everything else. We learned that how we act on this special Shabbos will impact the whole year.

Dear Readers, you will also see some of the beautiful follow-up coloring pages Lower students completed for this special Parsha. This is just a sneak peek of the upcoming section of Parsha pages to expect in future editions of The HAT.

We are always looking to grow and improve our newspaper, if there is a special section you would like to read, please send your suggestions to Ms. Katy at mskaty@hebrewacademyoftampa.net

Before World War II

Naomi Mendelson

Did you ever wonder what happened before World War 2? Here are some things I learned:

First in 1918, World War I finally ended. There were a lot of mixed feelings after World War I ended. Next in 1927, the New York Stock Market crashed. The stock market crashing only made things worse, and the days became known as "The Great Depression." I learned that "great" means "huge," so people must have been REALLY depressed and angry. Then in 1933, Hitler became appointed Chancellor of Germany. After that, in 1936, the Olympic games were hosted by Berlin (in Germany).



People were probably mad about the Olympics being held in Berlin of all places too. Finally, in 1937, Franklin D. Roosevelt began his second term as U.S. President.

After reading about all of these events, I could tell that a lot was happening in the world during this time. World War 2 was about to begin...

Beginning of World War 2 By Dovid Yarmush

First in September 1939, Nazi Germany, under their leader, invaded countries and that started World War 2.

Next, in June of 1940, Germany defeated France. Italy helped Japan beat Indochina too.

Then, in September of 1940, Germany bombed England in the night. Italy, Japan, and Germany signed an agreement to help beat the Allies.

After that, in July of 1941, The United States stopped Japan's oil exports.

Finally, in December 1941 Japan's surprise attack killed 2,400 American soldiers in Pearl Harbor.



America then joined the war as part of the Allies.

Middle of World War Two By Emet

Did you ever wonder where the name "Battle of Midway" came from? I read about the middle events of World War 2.

In January of 1942, Japan overtook Manila, Philippines.

Next, in February of 1942, Japan defeated Java and the Dutch East Indies.

Then, in April 1942, in the Philippines, 5.2k captured Americans died in

a forced march by the Japanese.

After that, in June of 1942, the US Navy defeated the Japanese at the Battle of Midway, marking the middle of the war and a major turning point in the Pacific.

In September 1943, Italy surrendered, but Germany continued fighting. Finally, in August of 1944, the French and American armies liberated Paris.

The End of World War II

Research by Sholom Rubashkin Written by Arik Yarmush



In January of 1945, the largest land battle in American History was fought. The Battle of the Bulge was a battle in which the Americans attacked the Germans.

Then in March 1945, American troops bombed Tokyo, killing more than 80,000 people.

In April 1945, more than 6 million Jews were killed in what is now known as the Holocaust.

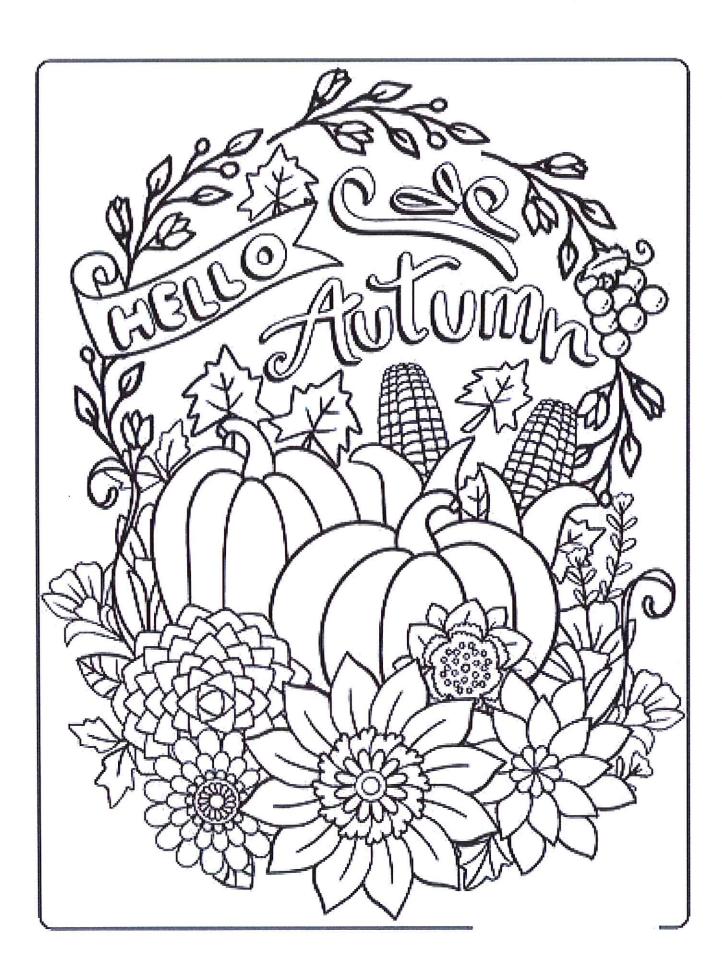
32.000 survivors that were

held in concentration camps were freed by Americans.

In May 1945, Germany surrendered.

In August 1945, United States dropped atomic bombs on Hirshima and Nagasaki. Japan finally surrendered in September 1945.





Thomas Edison

By Daniel Mendelson.

Guess how many patents Thomas Edison had?



Thomas Edison was born in Milan, Ohio on February 11, 1847. When Thomas Edison was seven years old he moved to Port Huron where he spent most of his childhood. One day Thomas Edison was wondering what would happen if he made a little fire in the corner of his dad's wooden barn. Later that day, he found

out that it would burn down the barn and get him a beating! This was the beginning of his journey into scientific investigations and experiments.

Thomas had his own science lab at the age of ten. In 1869, at 22 years old, he got his first patent for an electric vote recorder. Later he also made a voice recorder. The first thing he recorded was, "Mary had a little lamb." His curiosity was a lifelong trait, and by the time he died at age 84, Thomas Edison was an inventor who had 1,093 patents. Overall, he averaged 17 patents every year,

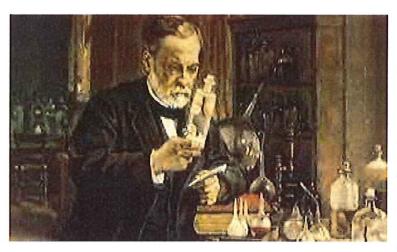
or 1 every 3 weeks! Some patents included: 389 for electric light and power, 195 for the phonograph, 150 for the telegraph, 141 for storage batteries and 34 for the telephone!

Because of Thomas Edison's mostly productive curiosity, we don't worry so much about causing a barn burning brouhaha by firelight. The new light bulbs are LED and don't catch barns on fire!



Luis Pasteur

BY:TZVI DUBROWSKI



Do you know who Louis Pasteur was? Well, if you don't then I will tell you all about him; and if you do, then maybe you will learn something new. Luis Pasteur was famous for making a vaccine for rabies. Rabies is a dreadful disease that before there was a vaccine a lot of people would die from it. Louis Pasteur was a chemist and a microbiologist.

According to study.com, "A chemist is a scientist who studies chemistry, a discipline of science interested in how molecules chemically interact with each other and their environments. Simply put, a chemist is a chemistry scientist. Chemists focus on what atoms comprise a molecule, how those atoms are put together, and what kinds of physical and chemical properties the molecules have". According to yourfreecareertest.com "A Microbiologist strives to increase scientific knowledge by studying or investigating microorganisms. They use sophisticated laboratory equipment to observe microscopic organisms' growth, structure, development, and other characteristics. They explore different bacterias, viruses, algae, fungi, and certain parasites"

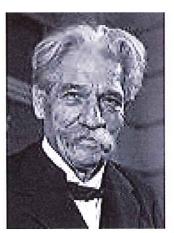
Louis Pasteur is also known for Pasteurization, which is the partial sterilization of a product, such as milk or wine, to make it safe for consumption and improve its keeping quality. Another thing he is known for is proving that germs can cause diseases. He had a big impact on the world because when he made the vaccine for rabies, a lot of people stop dying. He always believed in himself even though everyone thought he couldn't, he didn't give up and because of that he succeeded. If he didn't make the rabies vaccine, then a lot of people would'nt be alive.

Albert Schweitzer

By Arik Yarmush

Albert Schweizer worked through World Wars 1 & 2. Ludwig Phillip Albert Schweitzer was born on January 14, 1875 and died on September 4, 1965. Albert was best known as a Physician, but he was also a Philosopher, Musician, and a Theologian. He was born in Kaysersberg (Alsace) and at the age of 30 he completely dedicated his life to society in Lambarene, Africa.

Before he went to Africa at the age of 20, he spent 10 years developing his talents until age 30. Then he gave his talents



Society and they told him to go to
Lambarene, Africa (which was right next to
the equator). They started on a steamer and
then went on a little river steamer and then
they went on a canoe. When they docked
there they didn't expect what they saw.
They saw tumbledown shacks and that's
where they had to live, but they made the

best of it. They made shelves and cleaned up and when they were finished, they saw thousands of row boats with a few people. They had injuries on their bodies from working in the forest or diseases. If he didn't cure them, they would fall unto coma which would put them to sleep for a long time.

When they were done a person asked if he could be Albert's assistant and Albert said yes. His name was Joseph and he had many qualities including 18 African languages. He also spoke English and French. He was strong and he knew many things. Also if you told him something, he would never forget it.

Albert made a big hospital and one of the buildings was made of iron. Soon, World War 1 broke out and Albert and his wife were Germans in French territory. So they had to close down their hospital and go to France. In 1918 the war ended and Helene (Alberts wife) gave him a baby. He went back and left the baby with Helene; he then went back to the hospital. Everything was swallowed up by the forest except the iron building. They built new buildings and soon an epidemic broke out. He saved some; but others didn't listen to his instructions and died. Soon the epidemic stopped and they needed more space, so they moved and got more space. The war continued but he stayed and Helene joined him. He ended up getting the Order of Merit from Queen Elizabeth and the Nobel Peace Prize.

We can learn from Ludwig Phillip Albert Schweitzer to be determined to do stuff. Once a professor said to him, "the more you do the more you can do" because he was determined. Also if we are determined to do mitzvos and learn Torah, we can bring Moshiach now!!



Wolves

Moshe Chaim D.

- 1. Huskies are dogs that look very much like wolves but are not.
- 2. Wolves and dogs behave in similar ways.
- 3. The pups fight each other to decide who is the strongest.
- 4. When wolves get wet they shake themselves just as dogs do.
- 5. Wolves whine and growl, bark and howl.







Amazing Penguins By Maya



There are no penguins in the north of the world.

Penguins have flippers instead of wings. Penguins are excellent swimmers. Penguins have thick webbed feet with claws. There are 17 different kinds of penguins.

Penguins keep the baby penguins warm on their feet.

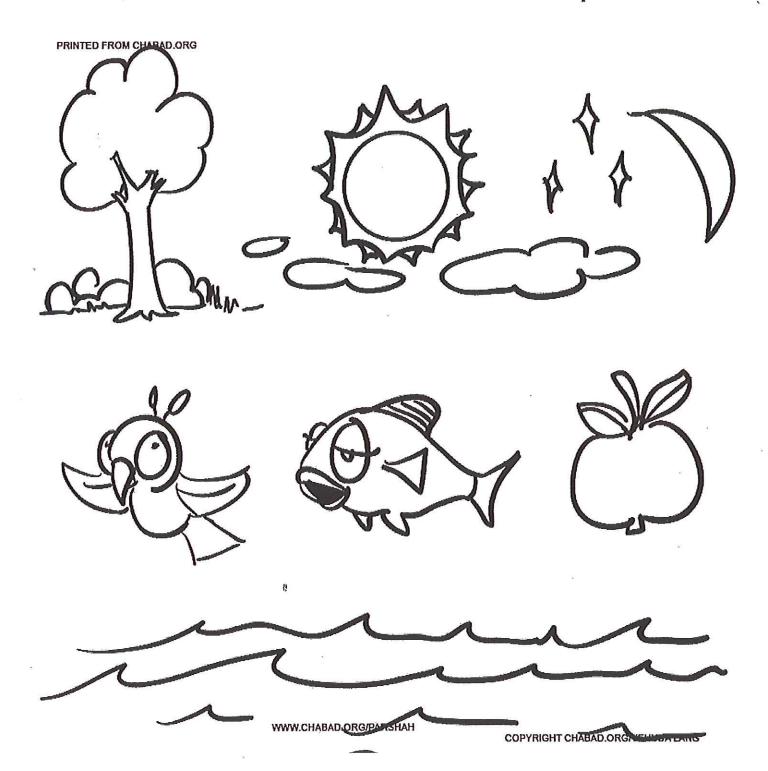
Fabulous Flamingos BY CHANA



Flamingos have orange eyes. There are NO flamingos in North America. Flamingos often rest standing on one leg. Flamingos can fly fast. Flamingos only lay one egg.



SOME OF THE THINGS THAT WERE CREATED:



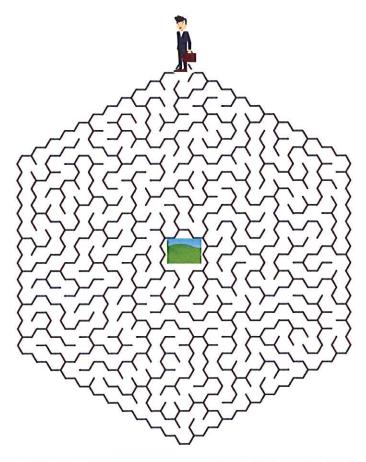
FUN PAGE

BY: RUNYA DUBROWSKI

LAST WEEK'S PARSHA WAS BERASHIS. BEREISHIS IS WHEN HASHEM CREATED THE WHOLE WORLD. ON THE FIRST DAY HASHEM CREATED LIGHT AND DARK. ON THE SECOND DAY HASHEM SEPARATED THE SKY AND WATER. ON THE THIRD DAY HASHEM CREATED GRASS, FLOWERS, AND TREES. ON THE FOURTH DAY HASHEM CREATED THE SUN AND MOON. ON THE FIFTH DAY HASHEM CREATED BIRDS AND FISH. ON THE SIXTH DAY HASHEM CREATED ADAM CHAVA AND THE ANIMALS. LASTLY ON THE SEVENTH DAY HASHEM RESTED.

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LIGHT WORLD SKY PEOPLE		DARK CREATED OCEAN BIRDS TREES LAND																	

HELP THE MAN GET TO LAND



SPOT 5 DIFFERENCES





Bereishis The Beginning Of It All

Have you ever wondered how it all came to be?

How the trees grass and human beings we see

Came into the world we live in today

How did this happen you might happen to say

Well listen real closely to what I will tell you

A story so ancient

But an amazing one as well

Well tell of a time where everything was empty

Till G-d created plenty

Out of the Torah on day number one

Came darkness and light something that wasn't yet done

On day number two

The water was separated from the sea and the sky

It either went down or up high

On day 3 grass did appear

Trees and flowers where everywhere

Day four we saw sun and a moon

Are you ready to hear the next part of this tune?

Day number 5 is here!

Birds and fish were revealed

Day 6 the animals came

The first people, Adam and Chava were their names.

And then it was the 7th day

Were G-d rested

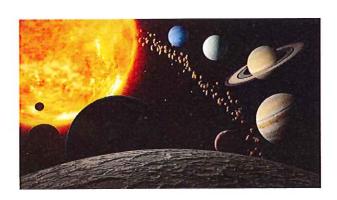
We to rest on Shabbos the 7th day of the week
Something so very unique
So now you know how the world was created
I hope u enjoyed and are elated
With my poem about Bereishis

Dvar Torah

Parshas Bereishis By Arik Yarmush

Imagine, one day, you act terrible that day and then that night you have a dream that says that that's how your whole year would be. Wouldn't you have wished that the dream came before that day so you could remind yourself to act better?

This week's parsha is Bereishis and it's the first Parshah (Torah



תבַּים portion) in the whole Torah. The Rabbi's from the Chabad) רַבִּים movement) would say that whatever you would act today on this Shabbos your whole year would act the same.

But how do we know this? How did figure this out and why חַבָּד רַבֵּים the

can't you do this on every shabbos? The answer is that the first pasuk in Bereishis (ask them what it says) says that Hashem created everything in the world. Now if Hashem created everything in the world that includes that Hashem created us to learn Torah and do Mitzvos and if Hashem created it then nothing can stop it. Also you could do it on every Shabbos but we learn the message on this Shabbos and it reminds us to keep on Learning Torah and .doing Mitzvos

The lesson we learn is that we should always learn Torah and do Mitzvos and also if we do Mitzvos and learn Torah then we will bring Moshiach now!!

Good Shabbos!

Bereishis

By Daniel Mendelson.

This Shabbos is not an ordinary Shabbos!

The Rebbein of Chabad said that "however one acts on Shabbos Bereishis (first parsha of the Torah), his whole year will go the same."



But why? Because if you think that Hashem (G-d) is the one who created all things and will create all things, then nothing can stop you from doing Mitzvot (good deeds). It's like if you've ever woken up on the wrong side of bed and your holl was not good. So if you think that a simple person can stop hashem

will hold him back and nothing bad will happen.

So on Shabbos Bereishis think about Hashem creating the world and your whole year will be good.

Parshas Bereishis By Dovid Yarmush

What is so special about Shabbos Bereishis?

However one acts on Shabbos Bereishis, his whole year will be the same. If you act good on this day, you will have a good year. A lesson for me is to act great every day. What makes this shabbos so special is that Hashem created the world on this Shabbos.

Shabbos Bereishis

BY: TZVI DUBROWSKI

The Rabbeim say " the way you act on Shabbos Bereishis is the way you will act the whole year "

This week is Shabbos Bereishis. The Rabbeim (rabbis) said that the way you act on shabbos bereishis is the way you act the whole year. The question is, why is Shabbos Bereishis so special and why does it set the tone for the whole year? Hashem created the world on that day.

The lesson is that you should act good on Shabbos Bereishis because how you act on Shabbos Bereishis sets the tone for the whole year.

Bereishis

By Naomi

What is the most holy parsha of the year?
Shabbos Bereishis is the most special, But why?
Because it is when Hashem created the world and everything on the Earth.
Without that, we wouldn't be alive today.



How we act today is how we are going to be the whole year. So we should be kind, helpful, and remember to love our fellow Jews. Because if we act like that, the whole year will be filled with mitzvos around us.

The lesson is to be good, because you want the whole year to be good in return.



Bereishis Ballot

We are sharing our entries for the Parsha Bereishis Coloring Contest. This is the first Parsha in the Torah, and reminds us that Hashem created the world and everything else. We learned that how we act on this special Shabbos will impact the whole year.

Your ballots are available in the Lobby, so be sure to stop by and view the entries in person!

There is a ballot box for you to cast your vote.

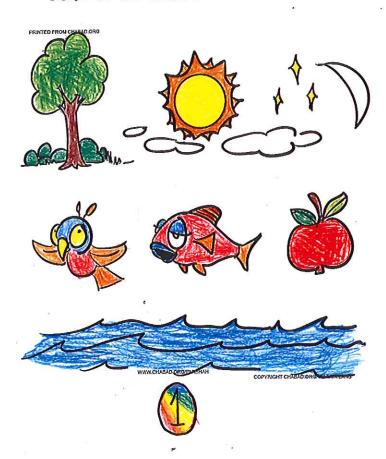
Voting will close on Friday, November 11.

We will announce the winners in the next issue of The Hat!!!

Coming soon....

CREATIVE ART CONTEST!

SOME OF THE THINGS THAT WERE CREATED:



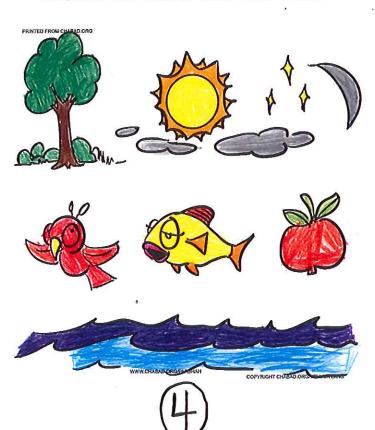




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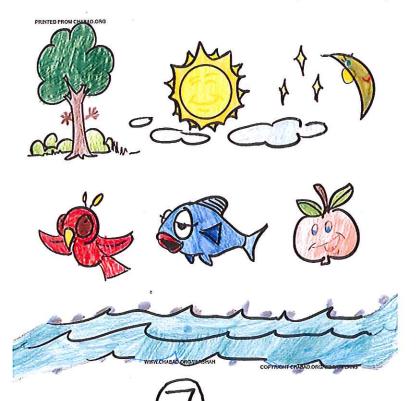


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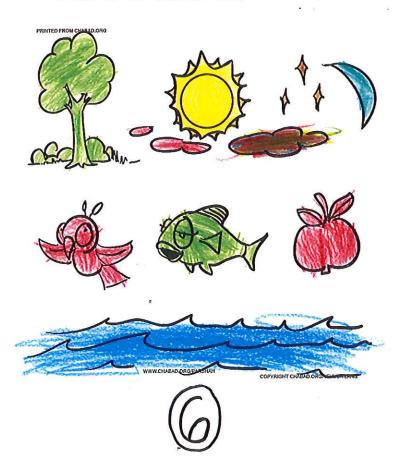
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Bereishis **Ballot**

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first Parsha in the Torah, and reminds us that Hashem created the world and everything else. We learned that how we act on this special Shabbos will impact the whole year.

Be sure to stop by the lobby to cast your votes! Voting will close on Friday, November 11! We will announce the winners in the next issue of The Hat!!!

Bereishis Ballot

Please vote for each entry number ONLY ONCE!

Fleas	e vote for each entry t	umber (OULT OF	ICEI				
	#1	#2	#3	#4	#5	#6	#7	#8
Amazingly Awesome								
Neatest Shading								
Most Creative								
Most Realistic								
Most Colorful								
Boldest Colors								
Calmest Colors								
Happiest Colors								